

# Dynamic Tree Test (Easy)

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**Time Limit:** 3.0s    **Memory Limit:** 128M

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Today, we'll be practicing modifications on a tree!

## Input Specification

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The first line contains two integers,  $N$  and  $M$ , denoting that there are  $N$  vertices and  $M$  queries.

Then there are  $N$  integers on the next line, each containing one number: the initial weight of each vertex.

Then there are  $N - 1$  lines, each line containing two integers  $x$  and  $y$ , denoting that there is an edge between  $x$  and  $y$  in the tree.

Then next line contains the root.

Then there are  $M$  lines:

The first number is  $K$ .

$K = 0$  means change root. The line contains one additional integer  $x$ , representing the new root of the tree.

$K = 1$  means path modification.  $K$  is followed by integers  $x, y, z$ . This operation sets  $z$  as the vertex weight of all vertices on the path from  $x$  to  $y$ .

$K = 2$  means path increment.  $K$  is followed by  $x, y, z$ . This operation increments all vertex weights on the path from  $x$  to  $y$  by  $z$ .

$K = 3$  means path min.  $K$  is followed by  $x$  and  $y$ , and asks for the min of the weights on the path from  $x$  to  $y$ .

$K = 4$  means path max.  $K$  is followed by  $x$  and  $y$ , and asks for the max of the weights on the path from  $x$  to  $y$ .

$K = 5$  means path sum.  $K$  is followed by  $x$  and  $y$ , and asks for the sum of the weights on the path from  $x$  to  $y$ .

$K = 6$  means change parent.  $K$  is followed by  $x$  and  $y$ . The operations changes the parent of  $x$  to  $y$ . If  $y$  is in the subtree of this operation, do nothing.

$K = 7$  means lowest common ancestor (LCA).  $K$  is followed by  $x$  and  $y$ . This operation queries the LCA of  $x$  and  $y$ .

## Output Specification

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Print an answer for each query. All answers go on their own lines.

## Constraints

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$$1 \leq N, M \leq 10^5, 1 \leq x, y \leq N$$

## Subtasks

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For 20% of the points,  $K \neq 0, K \neq 1, K \neq 2, K \neq 6$ .

For 50% of the points,  $K \neq 0, K \neq 6$ .

All intermediate values can be stored in a signed 32-bit integer.

## Sample Input 1

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```
5 6
1 3 5 2 10
1 2
1 3
3 4
3 5
3
3 3 2
7 4 1
2 2 5 3
1 3 4 0
4 2 4
5 1 5
```

## Sample Output 1

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```
1
3
6
17
```

## Sample Input 2

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```
9 13
100 2 1 3 6 5 4 7 8
1 2
1 3
2 4
2 7
3 6
3 8
3 5
5 9
1
1 1 2 101
2 2 2 101
3 8 5
7 9 4
7 3 8
0 4
7 4 7
0 5
7 1 5
6 9 8
5 6 9
3 8 5
4 4 6
```

## Sample Output 2

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```
1
1
3
4
5
21
1
202
```